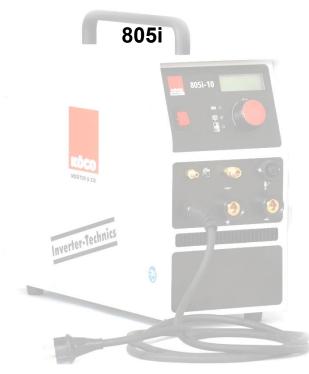


Operating Manual

KÖCO Compact Stud Welding Equipment



KÖCO Stud Welding Guns

CLASSIC

SK 14 from no. 10000

SK 14-ISO from no. 17200

SK 14 short

SK 15

K 22

This operating manual has the part-no. 399-0581-000. It is a translation of the original document.

Issue 02/2023 ver. 1.2

Real B



UKCA-Declaration of Conformity

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the

manufacturer:	Köster & Co. GmbH Spreeler Weg 32 58256 Ennepetal Germany, North Rhine Westphalia
	Cermany, North Kinne Westphana

Product Type:	stud welder
Product Model:	805i
Serial Number:	83010118 -

The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant requirements of the:

Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 (S.I. 2008/1597)

Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 (S.I. 2016/1091)

Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012 (S.I. 2012/3032)

Standards applied:

EN 60204-1 "Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements" EN IEC 60974-1 "Arc welding equipment - Part 1: Welding power sources" EN 60974-10 "Arc welding equipment - Part 10: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)"

This declaration of conformity loses its validity if the product is converted or modified without consent.

Authorized person for compiling the relevant technical documentation Köster & Co. GmbH Development, Mr. Enno Putzer Spreeler Weg 32 58256 Ennepetal Germany, North Rhine Westphalia

Signed for and on behalf of: Köster & Co. GmbH, 58256 Ennepetal

V. Sell

Ennepetal, 01.01.2023 Dr. Torben Schmitz, Managing Director



Original-EG-Konformitätserklärung

Die alleinige Verantwortung für die Ausstellung dieser Konformitätserklärung trägt der

Hersteller:	Köster & Co. GmbH Spreeler Weg 32 D-58256 Ennepetal	
	D. I	

Bezeichnung der Maschine:	Bolzenschweißgerät
Serien- / Typenbezeichnung:	805i
Seriennummer:	83010118 -

Der oben beschriebene Gegenstand der Erklärung erfüllt die einschlägigen Harmonisierungsrechtsvorschriften der Union:

2006/42/EG	Maschinenrichtlinie
2014/30/EU	Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV-Richtlinie)
2011/65/EU	Beschränkung der Verwendung bestimmter gefährlicher Stoffe (RoHS- Richtlinie)

Harmonisierte Normen, die zugrunde gelegt wurden:

EN 60 204-1 "Elektrische Ausrüstung von Maschinen"

EN 60 974-1 "Sicherheitsanforderungen für Einrichtungen zum Lichtbogenschweißen

EN 60 974-10 "Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV), Produktnorm für Lichtbogenschweißeinrichtungen"

Sonstige technische Spezifikationen, die angewendet wurden: DGUV Vorschrift 1

Diese Konformitätserklärung verliert ihre Gültigkeit, wenn das Produkt ohne Zustimmung umgebaut oder verändert wird.

Bevollmächtigter für die Zusammenstellung der relevanten technischen Unterlagen

Köster & Co. GmbH Entwicklung, Hr. Enno Putzer Spreeler Weg 32 D-58256 Ennepetal

Unterzeichnet für und im Namen von: Köster & Co. GmbH, 58256 Ennepetal

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Ennepetal, 01.01.2023 Dr. Torben Schmitz, Geschäftsführer



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1 Introduction

Dear User,

With the KÖCO Stud Welding Equipment 805i you have purchased an appliance of superior quality. It has been constructed according to latest technical principles and complies with all technical regulations and requirements in force at the time of delivery. To achieve trouble-free operation at all times we recommend that you observe the following instructions:

- Before starting-up carefully read through the complete manual and make sure that anyone on your staff handling or operating the appliance has also read and understood the instructions.
- The safety instructions must be followed at all times.
- Store this manual in a safe place, with easy access for anyone operating the appliance.
- The appliance may only be operated by sufficiently qualified personnel.
- Secure the machine against use by unauthorized persons.
- Have a trained electrician inspect the mains connection for correct fusing and earthing.
- If any malfunctions occur which you cannot remedy yourself, call our after-sales service.
- In case of accidents call for proper medical help, and if necessary, notify accident insurers and/or local trade supervision authorities.

1.1 Information for the User

The manual for your KÖCO stud welding equipment 805i and the KÖCO stud welding guns CLASSIC contains any necessary instruction to the equipment, for safe carrying-out of stud welding operations and their assessment. All information supplied is given to the best of our knowledge, but without accepting any liability on our part. In particular, we cannot accept any responsibility for welding suitability of workpieces, nor for the suitability of the stud welding process for certain applications. In all of these cases reponsibility for welding results rests with the user.

We shall be glad to assist you with any questions you may have concerning particular applications or remedies for malfunctions. Any suggestions on your part towards improving this operating manual will also be welcome.

1.2 Safety Instructions

The KÖCO stud welding equipment 805i and the KÖCO stud welding gun CLASSIC is designed for use in drawnarc stud welding only. It must not be used for any other purpose, with the exception of manual electrode welding, and then only if the appliance is equipped for this purpose. In particular, welding under water is strictly prohibited, nor is it permissible under any circumstances to use the appliance for thawing up frozen water pipes.

1.2.1 Personal Safety

KÖCO stud welding equipment 805i and the KÖCO stud welding guns CLASSIC are approved for welding under increased electrically hazardous conditions, according to DIN EN 60974-1. For his own safety, the operator must wear protective clothing during welding, which includes the following:

- Dry, insulating shoes
- Non-flammable, dry (and free from inflammable matter), close-fitting working clothes (leather apron)
- Leather gloves
- Safety goggles with an adequate degree of protection
- A special helmet with neck protection while engaged in overhead welding



- No metallic jewellery (rings, chains, etc.) or watches may be worn during welding.
- During the welding process, persons wearing heart pace-makers must be kept at a safe distance from the appliance and the welding cables, because the strong magnetic fields could endanger their lives.
- In addition to the above, all normal accident prevention regulations must be observed.

1.2.2 Operational Safety of the Equipment

- For the mains connection only a suitable mains plug or a fixed mains connection may be used. The installation of a fixed mains connection (including fitting of the mains plug) may only be carried out by a trained electrician.
- All cable insulation must be in perfect condition. Cables with defective insulation must be replaced immediately. Welding cables may carry high currents. At points subject to bending, for example where the cable enters the handle of the welding gun, there is always a risk of the cross-section being gradually reduced due to breakage of individual wires. When subjected to a high pulsed current, a cable thus weakened may suddenly arc over and burn out. This means a risk of burns to the operator, and of inflammable objects nearby being ignited.
- All parts of the housing must be firmly attached. Operation with an open housing is not permissible, because then there is no protection against touching live parts, and effective ventilation is also prevented.
- The insulating wheels (casters) must be in perfect condition. If these casters are removed in order to install the equipment in a fixed position, alternative insulation must be provided between the workpiece and the housing. If an electric connection between the workpiece and the housing exists during welding, this may, in case of malfunction, destroy the protective earth-line of the equipment.



• The interior of the appliance must be kept clean. Especially when working in dusty surroundings, dust will collect on parts of the equipment. Therefore, the housing should be opened at regular intervals (only after first disconnecting the mains plug) and the dust blown out. This is vital in the case of metallic dust, because it can lead to short circuits and thus cause damage to the components. Do not aim the jet of air at any pc boards, but remove the dust from these with a vacuum cleaner.

Warning: There is a capacitor battery in this device, which carries lifethreatening voltage even after unplugging the power plug. After disconnecting the mains plug, a waiting period of at least 10 minutes must be observed to reduce the voltage. The housing may only be opened by trained specialist personnel.

- **Sufficient cooling.** The cooling air is taken in at the bottom and blown out at the rear side. Provide sufficient facilities of air ventilation. Do not cover the ventilation openings.
- The welding gun must be in perfect condition. All connections in the welding circuit must be tight. Make sure that the chuck is firmly seated on the adapter screw and that the stud is firmly seated in the chuck. Otherwise contact scorching may result. Do not operate the gun without rear cap. For adequate protection against welding splashes and smoke the bellows protection must always seal perfectly.
- Electrical safety: Before opening the appliance always disconnect it from power supply by pulling out the mains plug, making sure that it is not possible to switch it on unintentionally. Prevent moisture or foreign substances from entering the power source. If this happens, the appliance must immediately be disconnected from the mains power supply. The appliance should also be inspected by a qualified specialist at regular intervals, especially following any malfunction. Make sure that all markings remain visible!



1.2.3 Safety When Working

- Do not operate the equipment in areas of fire or explosion danger. Remove all inflammable objects from the surroundings!
- Keep in mind that welding splashes are likely to ignite inflammable objects, for example cleaning rags soaked with oil, grease or solvent, or packing materials, even at several metres' distance!
- In case of doubt check with the security officer in charge and obtain his release before commencing work!
- Make sure that the operating site has sufficient ventilation!
- Do not weld without air extraction on any workpieces which may release substances dangerous to health, such as coating materials, zinc, nickel, chromium or cadmium!
- Do not carry out welding on hollow objects which contain, or have contained, inflammable liquids or gases, or which are under pressure, or inside which a dangerous level of pressure can be generated by welding heat!
- The heat generated by welding may lead to the release of gases or vapours which are dangerous to health
 or even explosive. Specialized knowledge is required for this kind of work. Do not carry out such operations
 unless you possess the necessary knowledge!
- Keep at a safe distance from any equipment which might be affected by magnetic fields, such as EDP installations (computers), cards with magnetic strips, or timepieces (wrist-watches)
- Do not weld on the same workpiece (welding potential) simultaneously with other types of welding machines, especially those working with different poles or frequency (alternating current), or welding equipment with high voltage ignition, because this can adversely affect or damage the control unit of the stud welding appliance.
- Ensure that a flawless safe welding circuit is generated. The earthing cables should be firmly clamped onto the workpiece. If this is not possible or not desirable, make sure that there are no parts in contact with the welding circuit which can be damaged or destroyed by the welding current, such as crane hooks, rolling bearings, clamps with layers of partly insulating material, screws or rivets. Especially dangerous is the destruction of protective conductors in other electric appliances when they come into contact with the welding current.
- Whenever the appliance must be placed on sloping ground, secure it against tipping over or rolling downhill.
- For transporting the equipment, use only the parts specially provided for this purpose. The handles of the
 appliance are not designed for transporting it by crane.
- While setting up or adjusting the welding gun, unintentional triggering of the gun pushbutton must be avoided, either by turning off the power switch or by disconnecting the control cable plug from the flange socket on the power source.



2 Drawn Arc Stud Welding

Drawn-arc stud welding is used for the welding of metallic parts, generally of cylindrical shape, onto metallic workpieces. For this purpose, a DC power source and a mobile device, the welding gun, are required. Depending on the type of welding-pool protection and welding time range used, the appropriate process may be stud welding with a ceramic ferrule, stud welding with shielding gas, or short-cycle stud welding, either with or without shielding gas.

The welding procedure is illustrated below:

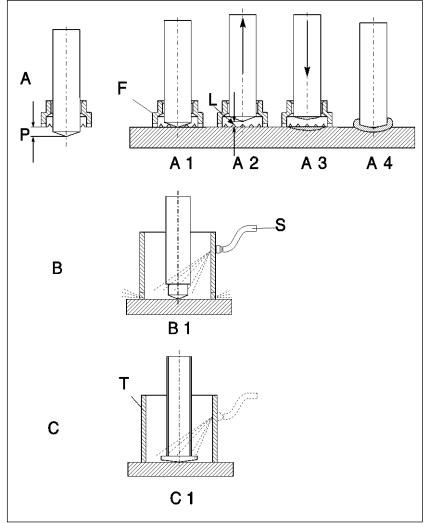


Figure 1: Drawn-arc stud welding procedure

Explanation:

A: Stud welding with ceramic ferrule

- F: Ceramic ferrule
- P: Protrusion

L: Lift

A 1: The stud contacts the workpiece.

A 2: The stud is lifted off under current flow and thus the arc ignited.

A 3: The drawn arc melts the tip of the stud and the portion of the workpiece directly beneath it. At the end of welding time the stud is pressed (plunged) into the molten part of the workpiece.

A 4: The melt solidifies, resulting in a firm cross-sectional weld. The ceramic ferrule is then removed.

B: Stud welding with shielding gas. (B 1 equivalent to A 1)

S: Shielding gas supply

C: Short-cycle stud welding with or without shielding gas (C 1 equivalent to A 1)

T: Supporting tube



2.1 Technical Data on Power Source 805i

Technical data	805i-8	805i-10
Stud welding with ceramic ferrule weldable stud range \emptyset (mm)	2 – 8	2 – 10
Short-cycle stud welding weldable stud range Ø (mm)	2 – 8	2 – 8
Stud welding with shielding gas weldable stud range \emptyset (mm)	2 – 8	2 – 10
Stepless time and current adjustment range (ms / A), 4 zones	1 - 300 / until 400 1 - 200 / until 500 1 - 125 / until 650 1 - 80 / until 800	1 - 300 / until 600 1 - 250 / until 650 1 - 200 / until 750 1 - 160 / until 800
Gas preflow time (ms)	10 - 2000	10 – 2000
Number of storage locations for current, time and gas preflow time	20	20
Max. weld rate in studs/min. for stud Ø (mm)	40/3 9/8	40/3 6/10
Self diagnosis: Overheating Short circuit control cable PFC Internal error	•	• • •
Micro processor control	•	
Constant current control	•	
Repeat cycle lock	•	
Input voltage, single phase 50/60 Hz (V)	1 ~ 230	1~ 230
Mains plug 230 V (A)	16 safety plug	16 safety plug
Mains cable 4-pole, 400 V (m/mm ²)	3 / 2,5 HO7RN	3 / 2,5 HO7RN
Max. extension cable permissible to mains connection (cross sec- tion identical to mains cable)	25	25
Time-lag fuse for 230 V (A)	16	16
Maximum Input performance (kVA)	8	8
Max. welding cable length	5	5
Input voltage tolerance (%)	-15/+20	-15/+20
Class of protection	IP 23	IP 23
Cooling	F	F
Stud counter	•	•
Steel housing, powder coated	•	•
Housing dimensions L × W × H (mm)	550 × 225 × 470	550 × 225 × 470
Handle	1	1
Weight (abt. kg)	23	27
Shielding gas equipment	•	•

Standard

Operating under increased electrical hazard permissible, CE-labelling according to EN 60974-1



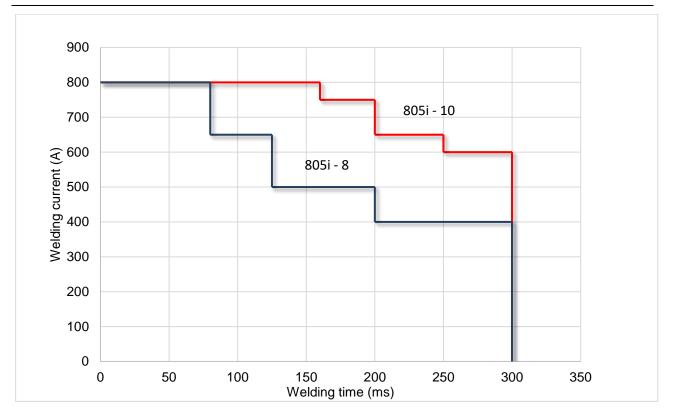


Figure 2: Power ranges 805i-8 and 805i-10

2.2 The Power Source

The power source consists of a primary chopped inverter with constant current control, a choke connected in series, and an electronic control. The machine is laid out for a mains voltage of 230 V (1-phase). Operation with other voltages is also possible by interposing a transformer.

Nominal output of the equipment can still be reached with an undervoltage of up to minus 10%. However, depending on circumstances, it may become necessary to shorten the extension cables, to prevent exceeding the capacity of the constant current control. If the input voltage drops below minus 15%, the appliance can no longer be operated.

Because the load-voltage may be considerably lower than the no-load-voltage, especially in case of a weak power supply, in a case of doubt a voltage measuring should be carried out during the welding procedure.

Slow-blow fuses shall be used; quick acting fuses (including safety cut-out switches) may prevent operation of the appliance.

The mains connection cable must have a cross-section sufficiently large to ensure that undervoltage is kept within the margin of tolerance. All cable cross-sections and mains fuses must comply with technical regulations and requirements of electricity suppliers.

An overvoltage of 20% should not be exceeded, since otherwise the input rectifier may be destroyed.



2.3 The Welding Gun

In drawn-arc stud welding the welding gun is used to generate the arc between stud and workpiece, and to unite the two welding pools at the end of welding time.

There is a choice of two different concepts. The guns K 22 to K 26 have an automatic length adjustment facility, i.e. maintenance of the pre-selected lift is guaranteed independent of protrusion, variation of stud lengths within normal tolerance and minor deviations from the vertical position of studs in relation to the workpiece. However in case of very short welding cycles (below 100 ms) the necessary coupling does not react fast enough. Therefore we recommend the SK 14 gun without length adjustment specially for short-cycle stud welding. It should be used for studs with only very minor variations in length and when constant conditions for the positioning of the welding gun apply.

The gun SK 14-ISO is different from the gun SK 14 as there is no adjustable lift stop. That is why the total piston stroke of app. 4 mm is permanently available. The gun SK 14-ISO is recommended for welding insulation pins (see figure 38). The gun SK 14 short features short length for use under cramped working conditions.

In stud welding, lift and protrusion are important parameters. In most cases they can be selected to fit stud diameters, according to figure 2. The position of the weld or the kind of surface on the workpiece may necessitate some adjustments. In such cases, optimal settings should be obtained through test welds.

The length of lift is the vital factor in determining the form of metal melting at the tip of the stud. In case of major deviation from optimal values, cavities may form in the welding pool. Moreover, if the lift is too small, an increase in the number of droplet short circuits will destabilize the welding process. The protrusion (see figure 4) will determine the form of the welding collar around the welded stud. In some cases, especially when welding onto a vertical wall, settings other than those listed may be selected. If the plunge is too shallow, this will lead to pores and undercuts in the weld zone. If it is too deep, the welding pool will splash out to the side or upwards with the risk of blockage to the downward movement of the stud. The setting of protrusion is described in section 3.2.9.



2.4 Technical Data on Stud Welding Guns CLASSIC

Technical Data	SK 14 (short)	SK 14- ISO	SK 15	K 22	K 22-D	K 24	K 26
Stud welding with ceramic ferrule Weldable stud range \emptyset (mm) ¹⁾	4 - 12	4 - 12	4 - 12	4 - 14	4 – 19	13 - 22	13 - 25
Short cycle stud welding Weldable stud range Ø (mm)	3 - 12	3 - 12	3 - 12	6 - 12	0	_	_
Stud welding with shielding gas Weldable stud range \emptyset (mm)	3 - 12	3 - 12	3 - 12	3 - 16	0	_	_
Adjustable hydraulic damping of piston, for studs from abt. 14 mm Ø	-	_	_	0		•	•
Lifting ring system with length adjustment	-	_	_	•			
Adjustment of stud length variations up to (mm)	-	_	_	8	8	8	8
Standard support by legs	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Lifting range fromto (mm)	0 - 4	-	-	1 – 4.5	1 – 4.5	2.5 - 6	2.5 - 6
Input voltage of lifting coil (V=)	60 - 90	60 - 90	60 - 90	60 - 90	75 - 90	75 -90	75 - 90
Duty cycle lifting coil (%)	3	3	5	5	5	5	8
Welding cable (m/mm ²)	5/35	5/35	5/35	2/50	2/50	2/95	2/120
Welding cable plug (mm ²)	35	35	35	50/70	50/70	95	120
Control cable plug 4-pole	•	•	•	•			
Control cable (m/mm ²)	5/4x1.0	5/4x1.0	5/4x1.0	2/4x1.0	2/4x1.0	2/4x1.0	2/4x1.0
Length (excluding chuck) (mm)	190 (165)	190	205	175	175	250	300
Body diam. app. (mm)	50	50	50	60	60	60	63
Height (including handle) (mm)	150	150	150	165	165	220	240
Weight (excluding connection cables) app. (kg)	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.4	2.6

• = Standard O = optional - = not available

1) For very high performance welding and large stud diameters we recommend a larger type of gun. In case of doubt please consult the maker or a sales representative for details.

Please note: connecting the K 22-D to K 26 guns to a 805i power source is not recommended, since all types of studs that can be processed with a 805i power source can also be welded with SK 14 or K 22 guns.



2.5 Setting Guidelines for welding with ceramic ferrule or shielding gas

The settings given in figure 2 have been tested for welds on **clean metallic surfaces** and standard type studs **in downhand position.** The decisive parameter is the actual diameter at the welding end of the stud, not the nominal diameter. Under different conditions (other welding position, or oily, scaly or primer-coated surfaces) the optimal settings must be determined by test welds. With difficult surfaces, it may be necessary to considerably increase lift and welding time, and to reduce the welding current. When welding in a horizontal position, it is recommended to select higher current, protrusion and plunging speed than the given settings, and at the same time shorter cycles and lift. Please note that at the lower end of the welding range of large appliances it may be necessary to select values higher than those listed in the chart. This is caused by the relatively long phase for building up the current, which means that for a considerable part of the welding cycle the peak current is not yet reached. This must be compensated by lengthening the welding cycle or selecting a higher current.

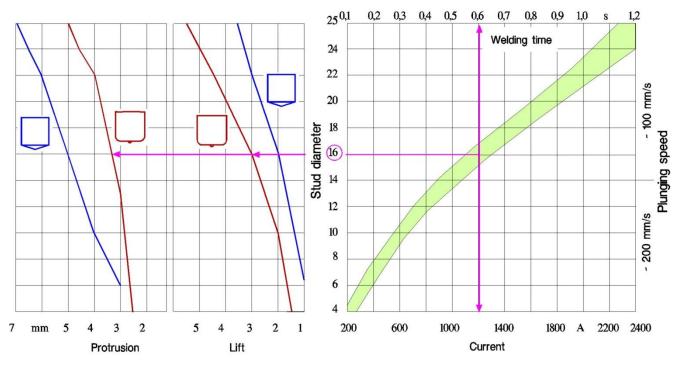


Figure 3: Parameters for current, time, lift, protrusion and damping (example for stud 16 mm diameter with flat tip)

The plunge speed is adjusted by setting the damping of the piston. In case of studs with less than app. 10 mm Ø guns without damper (SK 14 or K 22) should be used, or the damper should be removed (refer to 3.2.13). If the correct damper setting is selected, only very few splashes will occur during plunge, and an even welding collar without undercuts will be formed.

Before starting a series of welds, test welds according to DIN EN ISO 14555 should be carried out. For details refer to Technical bulletins DVS 0902 and 0904.



2.6 Setting guidelines for short cycle stud welding without weld pool protection or with shielding gas

Short cycle stud welding is used where it is desirable to keep the penetration on thin work pieces as shallow as possible, normally with studs ranging from M 3 to M 12 (PS type flanged studs according to EN ISO 13918). If the outward appearance of welding collars is not important, protection of the welding pool can be omitted. However, in that case a current of at least app. 100 x the nominal diameter of the stud should be selected, i.e. in case of a M 8 stud the power source should have a minimum output of 800 A. Basically, **the current should be as high and the time as short as possible**. If the time is extended beyond a certain measure to allow for a weak power source, this will result in uneven, porous welding collars.

Welding with shielding gas will result in flawless welding collars and few pores in the welding zone. Acceptable results can also be obtained with longer welding times and lower currents. For welding steel or stainless steel the use of a gas mixture M 21 (82% Ar, 18% CO₂) according to EN ISO 14175 is recommended.

In short cycle stud welding the settings depend not only on the stud diameter, but also on the thickness of the workpiece and the caliber of the gun. In the DVS-leaflet 0904 a table of setting guidelines is given. In principle, one should always start by selecting the highest current and the shortest welding time possible on the power source, and then adjust the settings after some test welds.

2.7 Material requirements

In principle, all materials suitable for fusion welding are also suitable for drawn arc stud welding. However, for some sensitive varieties of steel there is a certain risk that they may harden and become brittle by the quick heating and cooling processes involved. If two different materials are welded together (for example carbon steel with stainless steel) a new alloy will result which may be resistant to further shaping. Because of the short welding time, clean surfaces are essential for good welding results. For further details refer to literature (refer to section 13). So-called "free cutting" steels are generally not suitable for stud welding. In practice, the following combinations have proved satisfactory:

	Parent metals	
Stud material	Non-alloy steels up to app. 0,24% C, for example S235, S355, 16Mo3	Stainless Austenite steels, such as 1.4301, 1.4401, 1.4541, 1.4571
Non-alloy steels up to app. 0,18% C, e.g. S235, 4.8, 16Mo3	Suitable, including for force transfer	For stud welding with ceramic ferrule only limited suitablity for force transfer For short cycle stud welding well suited
Stainless Austenite steels, such as 1.4301, 1.4401, 1.4541, 1.4571	For stud welding with ceramic ferrule only limited suitability for force trans- fer well suited for up to 12 mm Ø with shielding gas For short cycle stud welding well suited	Suitable, including for force transfer ¹⁾

Chart 1: Recommended material	combinations for	drawn arc st	ud weldina
chart I. Recommended material			aa weraning

1) In fully austenite steels attention should be paid to the relatively high risk of hot cracks.

In addition to the material combinations listed above, heat- and scale-resistant studs may also be welded, in special cases also aluminium studs. For material combinations not previously tested, welding suitability must be determined through appropriate test welds. (For further details, refer to section 13, literature).



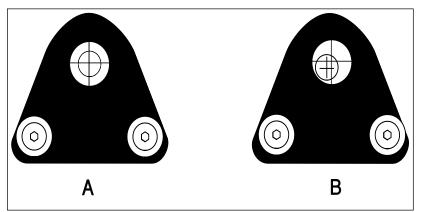
3 Working with the stud welding equipment

3.1 Requirements before starting-up

- 1. Ensure adequate power supply, according to instructions under section 2.2.
- 2. The power connection must be earthed according to regulations.
- 3. The housing of the welding power source must not have any electrical contact with the workpiece. Make sure that the insulating wheels (casters) are in perfect condition!
- 4. Make sure that the welding power source is standing firm in a vibration-free, dry area!
- 5. Make sure that there is sufficient cooling! The circulation of air must not be restricted in any way.
- 6. Operating the equipment in a fire or explosion danger area is prohibited. In case of doubt obtain a release for the welding operation from the security officer in charge.
- 7. Keep a safe distance from any objects which may be affected by strong magnetic fields, such as EDP installations! Make sure that persons wearing a heart pace-maker do not come close to the welding cables!
- 8. Shielding gas bottles must be secured against falling over.

3.2 Starting-up of the welding gun

- 1. While setting up or adjusting the welding gun, unintentional triggering of the gun pushbutton must be avoided, either by turning off the power switch or by disconnecting the control cable plug from the flange socket on the power source.
- 2. Screw the desired chuck on to the adapter screw of the gun, slightly tightening it with a wrench .
- 3. Using the counter-sink screws and washers supplied, attach the two legs to the desired footplate. Initially, do not tighten the screws.
- 4. Insert the desired ceramic ferrule grip (when welding with a ceramic ferrule) or the supporting tube (in case of short cycle welding or welding with shielding gas) into the footpiece, pushing it to the stop. Secure the ceramic ferrule grip or the supporting tube with the screws at the sides of the footplate.
- 5. Insert a suitable stud into the chuck, pushing it up to the stop.
- 6. Slide the footplate with the legs in the damping guides of the gun, so that the tip of the stud reaches approximately the same height as the ceramic ferrule grip or the supporting tube.
- 7. Move the footpiece until the stud is centrally seated in the bore of the ceramic ferrule grip or the supporting tube (see figure 3). Then tighten the counter-sink screws of the footplate.



Explanation:

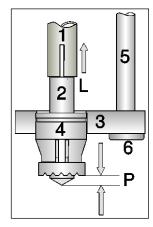
A: Correct centering of the footplate

B: Inaccurate centering of the footplate will cause blockage of the plunging movement of the stud.

Figure 4: Centering of the footplate



- 8. **Only when welding with a ceramic ferrule:** Place a suitable ceramic ferrule into its grip. Check the centering of the footpiece by manually pulling back the piston of the gun and then slowly releasing it again. The stud should then move forward without pushing the ceramic ferrule out of its guide. If the ceramic ferrule is pushed out, loosen the footpiece and improve its centering.
- 9. Slide the footpiece with the legs in the damping guides until the correct protrusion is reached, see figure 2. Figure 4 shows a diagram of the supporting device.



Explanation:

1: Chuck 2: Stud 3: Footplate 4: Ferrule grip 5: Leg 6: Screw L: Lift P: Protrusion

Figure 5: Diagram of the gun setup

10. Setting of the lift (except SK 14, SK 14 short und SK 15): Open the rear cap of the gun. Behind it there is an adapter screw for adjusting the lift in steps of 0.5 mm. (figure 5). Do not set any in-between values! Select lift settings according to figure 2.

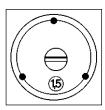


Figure 6: Selecting the lift (except SK 14, SK 14 short und SK 15)

11. Setting of the lift (only SK 14, SK 14 short and SK 15): A set screw with a view box is mounted on the rear of the gun. (Fig.6). The figure displayed in the view box is a measuring quantity for calculating the piston stroke. The piston stroke is always 1 mm more than the figure displayed. This ensures that even if the minimum of 1 mm is set, a lift can still be carried out as long as the protrusion is not set too high. The SK 14 gun has a rigid piston; therefore the figure shown in the view box is equal to the lift only if the protrusion is set at exactly 1 mm. The actual lift (length of the drawn arc) must therefore be calculated as follows:



Figure 7: Setting of the lift (series SK 14 and SK 15)

The lift can only be adjusted in 0.5 mm steps. **Do not try to set any intermediate values**! Follow the instructions according to figure 2 when setting the lift.

Lift = value displayed + 1 mm - protrusion

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3.3 Starting-up of the Power Source

- 1. Insert the mains plug into the socket and lock it into position using the lock ring (if available).
- 2. Connect the ground cable to the ground sockets of the welding power source and the workpiece. The connection points on the workpiece must be bright metal. Lock the welding cable plugs by turning them to the right (clockwise) to the stop
- Connect the welding and control cables of the welding gun to the correct sockets of the power source, using 3. a welding cable extension if necessary. Lock the welding cable plugs by turning them to the right (clockwise) to the stop.

Note: In most cases, the stud is connected to the minus pole and the workpiece to the plus pole. In certain cases, especially when welding non-ferrous metals, reversed polarity may improve the welding results. The power source is suitable for welding with either polarity. Before welding with the minus pole connected to the workpiece, be sure to disconnect the second earth cable from the plus pole.

4. Switch on the welding power source at its power switch. The green pilot lamp will light up and the fan will start to operate.

3.4 Operation of the power source

3.4.1 Main menu

When the power source is switched on, it first carries out a self-test. If the outcome is satisfactory, only the green LED will light up and the set-up menu will appear on the display panel, showing the latest parameter settings used. The power source is now ready for welding.

->	Current/A	500
	Time/ms	200
	Gas/ms	1000
	load/store	

Adjustment of settings is carried out by turning the rotary knob; the active line is marked by an arrow. The desired settings are selected by pressing the knob. Each time the knob is pressed, the arrow jumps one line further down and returns to the top line as soon as the bottom line has been reached.

Example:

The arrow points to "current". Now any current between the given lower and upper limit can be selected by turning the knob.

If the arrow points to the line "retrieve/store", stored sets of parameters can be retrieved by turning the knob anti-clockwise, and the set of parameters currently on display can be stored by turning the knob clockwise. The memory capacity allows storage of 20 sets of parameters. The process is completed by briefly pressing the knob once more.

Please note that storing a set of parameters will automatically overwrite parameter settings previously stored in that particular memory cell without previous warning.

3.4.2 Language selection

If immediately after switching on the power source the rotary knob is kept pressed for about 5 seconds, the fol-

	-		lowing menu will appear following completion of
	Sprache	Deutsch	the self-test:
->	Language	English	By turning the knob, the selection arrow reaches the desired language.
	Language	Francais	
	Lingua	Italiano	To fix the desired language, the knob must be kep pressed for about two seconds.
			Then the confirmation of the language will be die

Then the confirmation of the language will be displayed for about one second.

Auswahl gespeichert selection stored selection memorisee impostaz, memorizz,

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3.4.3 Counter functions

Immediately following a weld (also following a "shot in the air", which is not added to the counter reading), the current counter reading will be shown on the display panel for about 1 second.

As long as the pushbutton of the gun is kept pressed, the display will remain visible. This also applies if the machine is not unlocked (closed welding circuit), i.e. as long as the gun is not lifted off the stud just welded.

The counter counts up to a maximum of 9999999, then reverts to 1. The counter cannot be reset by the user.

3.5 Welding

Place the prepared gun on the workpiece so that the whole basis of the ceramic ferrule or supporting tube touches the surface of the workpiece. In so doing, the piston is pushed back by the length of the protrusion, and the tension spring is tightened.

Now press the trigger, holding the gun completely still during welding until the welding pool has cooled down.

Then lift off the gun from the welded stud, keeping it straight (i.e. in the axial direction of the stud) and by turning it clockwise. If it is not lifted off straight, this may open out the gripping jaws of the chuck and prevent a sufficiently tight grip on the next stud to be welded or the chuck can get loose from the adaptor screw.

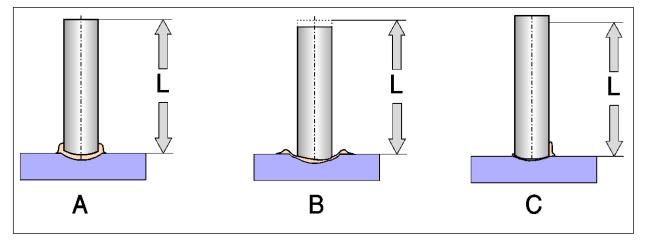
Next, check the weld (by visual test and possibly other tests according to DIN EN ISO 14555) and adjust the settings if necessary.

Test welds should always be carried out prior to starting a series of welds.

3.6 Weld Testing

For testing a stud weld, there are several different methods available:

1. Visual test: A good weld will have an closed even weld collar with a shiny blue-gray surface, not dull or porous. The welded stud will have its nominal length \pm 1 mm.





Explanantion:

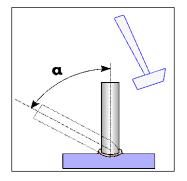
Nominal length of stud A: Good weld B: Energy too high C: Energy too low

A frequent fault is a so-called plunging impediment. It occurs whenever the plunging movement of the stud is cut short and the stud comes to a halt above the welding pool. (see chart 2 figure 4). In case of only a minor



impediment the plunging of the stud may not be stopped, but delayed. In this case a "cold weld" with an incomplete connection may result, without any faults showing on the outside. (chart 2 figure 5). Therefore the final assessment of a weld should never be made on the basis of visual tests alone, without mechanical tests being carried out as well.

2. Bend test: A flawless weld will withstand bending by an angle of up to 60° without any cracks in the welding zone. This does not apply for studs designed for heat transfer (made from heat-resistant steel) and for studs with non-uniform cross section. The bend test is carried out to check the suitability of both the selected settings and the combination of materials welded together.



Bending by $\alpha = 60^{\circ}$ with a hammer or an affixed pipe (for leverage). Result satisfactory, if the welding zone or the heat affected zone shows no cracks or breakages

Figure 9: Carrying out a bend test

Chart 2 illustrates the assessment of welding results.

Chart 2: Assessment of stud welds

Appearance	Remarks
	Good weld with ceramic ferrule
	Good weld with shielding gas
	Lopsided melting because of arc-blow effect. This can be reme- died by adjusting the earth clamps, by providing compensating masses at the rim, or by turning the gun (if the welding cable is on the outside). A large lift and welding without ceramic ferrule will increase the blowing effect.
	 Impediment to the plunging of the stud. Possible causes: 1. Friction between stud and ceramic ferrule due to inaccurate centering of the footplate or welding splashes (energy too high) 2. Droplet short-circuits between the stud and the workpiece due to too low lift setting 3. Defective gun or damping set too high.
	Impediment to the plunging of the stud (cold plunging). The fault can only be recognized by mechanical testing; If bent only by a small angle, the stud will break off at the welding zone. At the edge of the stud and the welding zone blank spots are visible (lack of fusion). Possible causes: As given above
Further details about testing and assessr	nent of stud welds are available from literature chapter 13.

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3.7 Maintenance of the Welding Power Source

Prior to any maintenance operation, the mains plug must be disconnected. In case of a fixed connection the voltage must be cut off, and the cut-off switch secured against unintentional switching on. The housing must not be opened unless the voltage is cut off.



Especially when working in a dusty environment, a layer of dust may accumulate on component parts. Therefore the housing should be opened at regular intervals to blow out the dust. This is specially important in the case of metallic dust, which may lead to short-circuiting and damage to components. Do not aim the jet of air at pc boards, but remove the dust from these with a vacuum cleaner.

Warning: There is a capacitor battery in this device, which carries lifethreatening voltage even after unplugging the power plug. After disconnecting the mains plug, a waiting period of at least 10 minutes must be observed to reduce the voltage. The housing may only be opened by trained specialist personnel.

The power source must not be cleaned with a water jet (e.g. high pressure cleaning appliance). Do not use any detergents containing solvents, as these may destroy the coating or plastic components of the appliance.

There must not be any electrical connection between the metal housing of the power source and an earthed workpiece. Therefore make sure that the insulating wheels are in perfect condition if the ground has any conducting connection with the workpiece.

3.8 Maintenance of the Welding Gun

The welding gun is an electrical tool which must be kept perfectly insulated. In case of any damage to its body or cables, welding must be discontinued at once. Do not use water jets or solvents for cleaning. Protect the gun against moisture. Should it ever become wet, it must be well dried before being used again.

Chucks, ceramic ferrule grips, footpieces, etc. are subject to wearing out and must be replaced after high melting loss (scorching). For optimal current transmission the chuck must have sufficient gripping strength. If, in spite of being tightened, the jaws no longer have sufficient grip, the chuck must be replaced. Scorching marks on the thread tips in threaded studs are a sign of insufficient gripping strength.

The rear cap of the gun may only be removed for setting the lift. Especially welding must never take place without the rear cap.

Keep in mind that the stud, chuck and adapter screw are all subject to welding voltage in relation to the workpiece. Therefore, during the entire welding process, keep a safe distance from parts of the workpiece where no welding is intended, and from studs already welded.

3.9 Maintenance of Welding and Control Cables

The insulation of all cables, plugs and sockets must be kept in perfect condition. Because of the strong currents involved, all connections in the welding circuit must be tight, otherwise there is a risk of scorching. All points where cables are frequently moved, for example cable entry points, are special danger areas. There, the cross-section may be reduced through breakage of individual wires, which may lead to the remainder of the wires breaking as well and suddenly arcing over. Therefore always check cables and replace faulty parts before starting work.

Protect cables, especially connection points, against moisture. Do not clean cables with water jets or solvents.



Calibration 3.10

Stud welding equipment, which is used in the legally regulated area, e.g. in construction, or for work in which guality requirements according to ISO 3834-2 are agreed, must be calibrated at fixed intervals. In general, the calibration interval is 1 year. More details can be found in DVS code of practice 3009 and in DVS Guideline 0714. After repairs that replace components that affect the amount of welding current, the length of welding time or the lift of the gun, recalibration is required in any case.

3.11 Shutting-Down

After termination of welding the power switch must first be turned off. In case of interruption for any length of time, the appliance should also be disconnected from the mains (i.e. by pulling out the plug). Never use the mains plug in lieu of a switch, i.e. before disconnecting it, the power switch must be turned off first.

3.12 Waste Disposal

Your KÖCO stud welding equipment contains valuable materials and must therefore not be disposed of together with household waste or by any other uncontrolled method.

We are registered with the "Stiftung Elektro-Altgeräte Register ® (EAR)" (Registry of Disused Electrical Appliances Foundation) under the registration number

WEEE-Reg.-Nr. DE 70903619

and will take back any appliance delivered by us from 2005 onwards free of charge for correct disposal in compliance with the relevant legislation, if such appliances are delivered to us carriage free.



4 Remedies for Malfunctions

Error signals are shown in plain text; with the word "**error**" in the first line. The error descriptions will then be listed in the following lines. If more than three types of error occur simultaneously, the display screen will be temporarily extended to show a complete list of errors diagnosed.

The following types of error may be listed: (see description field)

If "internal errors" occur (Numbers 1 to 5), please contact our service department.

Please note: The error signal "mains under voltage" can also be a sign of phase failure.

In the case of overheating the yellow LED will light up in addition to the error signal. In that case, allow the appliance to cool down with the fan switched on. Please follow the instructions concerning permissible power-on time (studs per minute). The red LED will generally light up with all error signals.

4.2 Other Malfunctions

In the following chart, some malfunctions are described which can be recognized and remedied by qualified personnel with relative ease. In case you cannot solve these problems yourself, please contact our agent in your neighbourhood or our customer service department. It is important that you give us details of type and series number of your appliance, as well as an exact description of the malfunction.

Malfunction	Cause	Remedy
Piston of the gun does not react to triggering	Disconnection in the control cable to the gun	First connect the gun directly to the power source and trigger it once more. If the malfunction does not occur again, the fault is in the control cable extension. If the malfunction occurs again: Check the gun with an Ohm-Meter. Normal resistance of the coil is app. 20Ω (SK 14 app. 38Ω). The magnet is connected to points 1 and 2, the trigger to 3 and 4 (standard) or to 2 and 3 (special model). If the fault is still not remedied, the plug and socket connections should be checked next.
	The piston of the gun has got stuck	Try to move the piston by hand. There must not be any unusual friction. In the K 22 to K 26 guns the total range of piston movement is app. 15 mm, in the SK 14 app. 5 mm
	Magnetic coil under continu- ous current	Turn off the power source, then switch it back on, watching the piston of the gun (Do not trigger it). The piston must remain unmoved. If the magnet attracts it immediately, there is a defect in the control. Note: the magnetic coil will burn out if kept continuously under current even for a short time!
Faulty welding result in spite of correctly set welding parame- ters	Surface of the workpiece oily, greasy, rusty, zinc- coated or painted, etc.	Clean the surface of the workpiece in the welding area and at the ground connection points. The best results are obtained on bright metal surfaces. On zinc-coated parts, only welding without ceramic ferrule (short cycle stud welding) will produce satisfactory results.

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Malfunction	Cause	Remedy
	Mains or welding circuit volt- age too low	Make sure that permissible cable length and correct di- ameter are chosen.
Welding results un- reliable (sometimes good, sometimes bad)	Function of gun irregular	After operating the gun for a longer period, scattering in the lift will increase. Generally, it will be below the selected setting. This means an increase in the num- ber of droplet short-circuits and splashes. Because of the lower voltage in the arc, the energy remains below the desired level. Have the gun repaired by our cus- tomer service.
	Blowing effect through diffi- cult shape of the workpiece	For details about measures to reduce the blowing effect refer to section $\underline{13}$ (literature).
	Lift (arc length) too small	Increase lift (arc length) to obtain less droplet short cir- cuits and smoother welding process.
Welding time is cut short when the trig- ger button is re- leased during weld- ing	When connecting the control cable, the positions of two lines (No. 2 and No. 3) were reversed.	Connect cables correctly. Please note: When the trigger button is held down throughout weld- ing time, this malfunction will not occur, however the trigger will be subjected to considerable electrical strain. If the trigger button is released during welding, this will immediately interrupt the welding process. When cables are correctly connected, the welding pro- cess will not be influenced by how long the trigger is held (provided it is held for at least app. 0.5 sec.)
Ignition failure dur- ing piston lift-off	Interruption of the pilot arc through inadequate contact with the tip of the stud	Make sure that the tip of the stud is in direct contact with the workpiece. This kind of malfunction frequently occurs during welding of headed studs with prick punch marks, whenever there is insufficient contact be- tween the aluminium tip and the workpiece.
Unusually early power source cut- out because of overheating	Fan does not function.	Fan sluggish or blocked.
Unusually strong heating up at some points of the welding circuit	Reduction of cross-section through partial wire break- age, scorching at loose con- nections	Stop welding immediately!. Replace cables! Tighten all connections within the welding circuit!



5 Pictures of the Power Source 805i



Figure 10: Front view 805i

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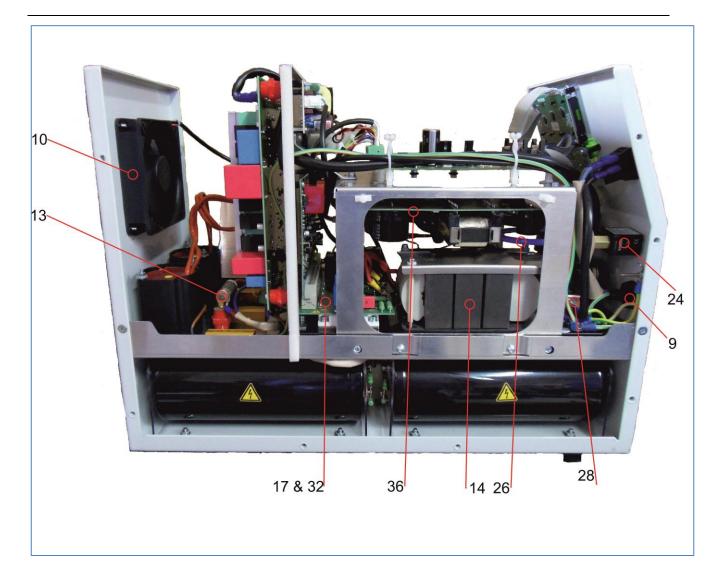


Figure 11: Side view 805i (left side)



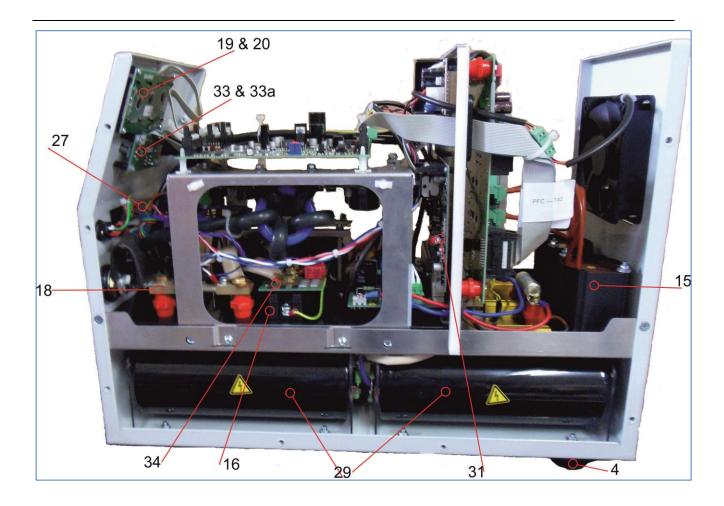


Figure 12: Side view 805i (right side)



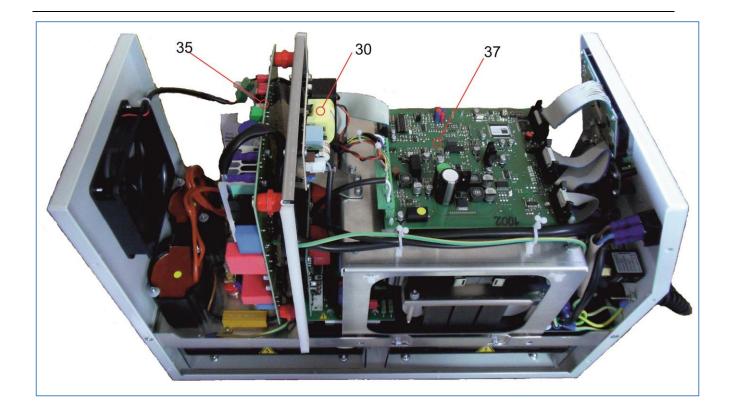


Figure 13: View from above left side 805i

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6 Spare Parts for Welding Power Source 805i

Pos.	No. of units	Designation	Part number
1	1	hood, laminated	325-0827-000
2	1	chassis, laminated and printed	325-0826-000
3	1	front foil	325-0828-000
4	1	machine foot	320-0263-000
5	1	handle	320-0049-000
6	1	power switch	325-0297-000
7	1	power connection cable $3 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ HO7RN}$, 3 m , with plug	317-5058-000
8	1	screwed cable gland	325-0750-000
9	1	hexagon nut for item 8	325-0751-000
10	1	fan	325-0729-000
11	1	flange socket, 4-pole	325-0079-000
12	2	welding connector	325-0017-000
13	1	semi-conductor fuse 45 A	325-0415-000
14	1	power transformer	325-0690-000
15	2	PFC-choke	325-0861-000
16	1	output rectifier	330-0312-000
17	1	IGBT module (available only together with pcb TB1)	330-0297-000
18	1	shunt	325-0695-000
19	1	LCD panel	330-0298-000
20	1	Plexiglas panel	320-0533-000
21	1	rotary knob	325-0696-000
22	1	cap for rotary knob	320-0534-000
23	1	socket for shielding gas connexion	323-0016-000
24	1	shielding gas valve	323-6001-000
25	1	plug for shielding gas connexion	323-0029-000
26	1	shielding gas tube	323-0026-000
27	1	quick push-in connector	323-0036-000
28	1	mains filter	325-0370-000
29	2 (4)1	capacitor	330-0339-000

¹ Only for 805i-10



30	1	Switching power supply	325-0864-000
31	1	Control board T42	330-0303-000
32	1	control board TB1-805i (only together with IGBT-module)	330-0370-000
33	1	control board HZG12A for 805i-8	330-0361-000
33	1	control board HZG12A for 805i-10	330-0362-000
34	1	control board SS1V4	330-5189-000
35	1	control board PFC	325-0772-000
36	1	control board HVI	325-0773-000
37	1	control board HZG 805i	325-0774-000



7 Pictures of Stud Welding Guns CLASSIC

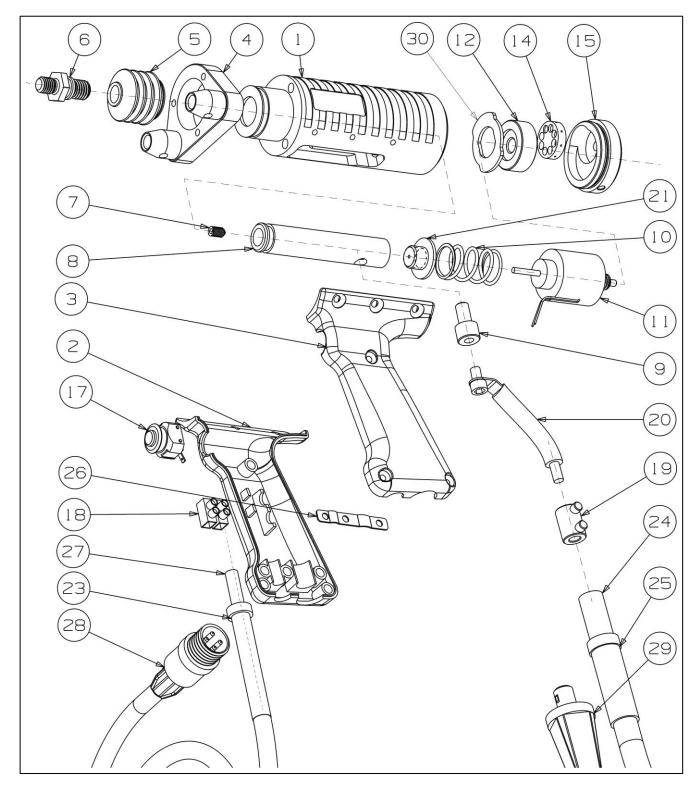


Figure 14: Exploded view of gun SK 14

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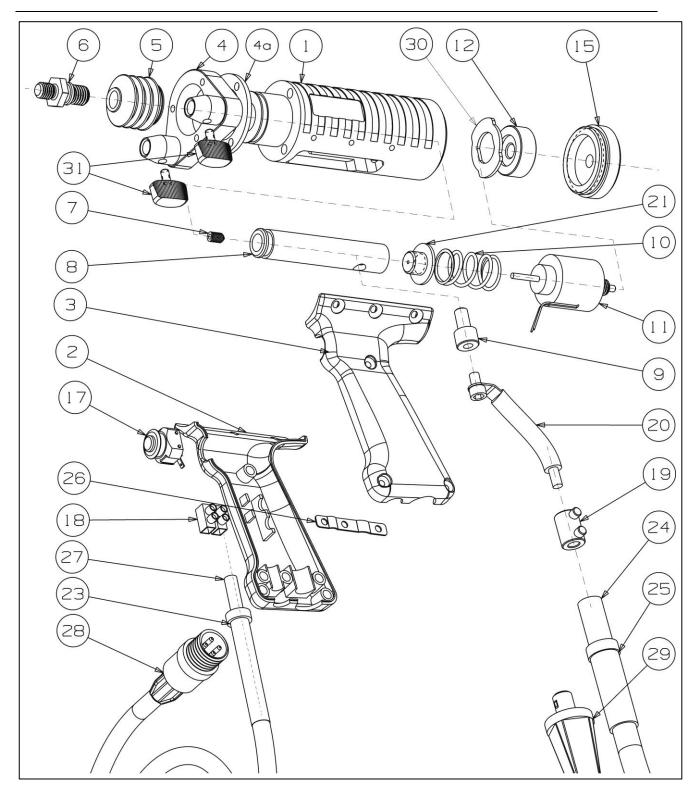


Figure 15: Exploded view of gun SK 14-ISO



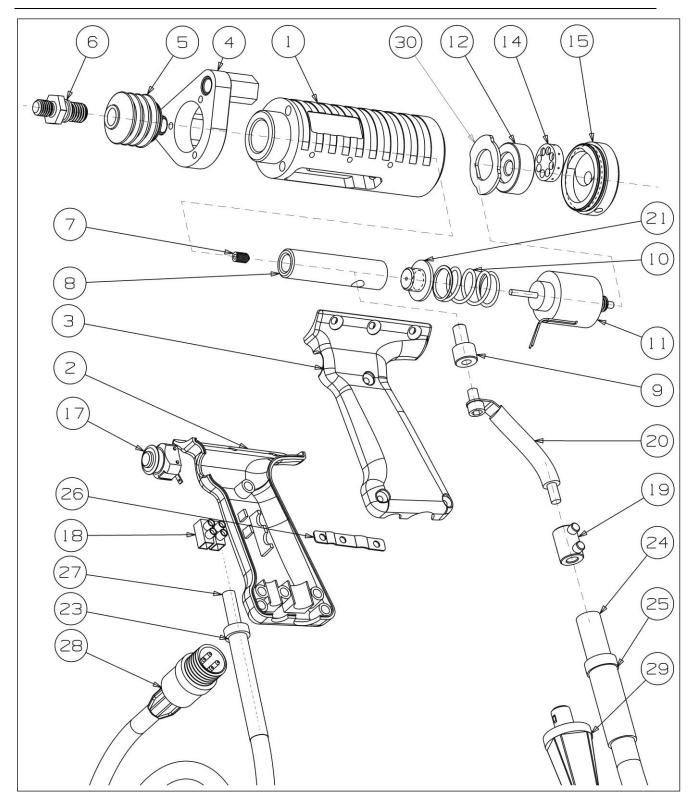


Figure 16: Exploded view of gun SK 14 short

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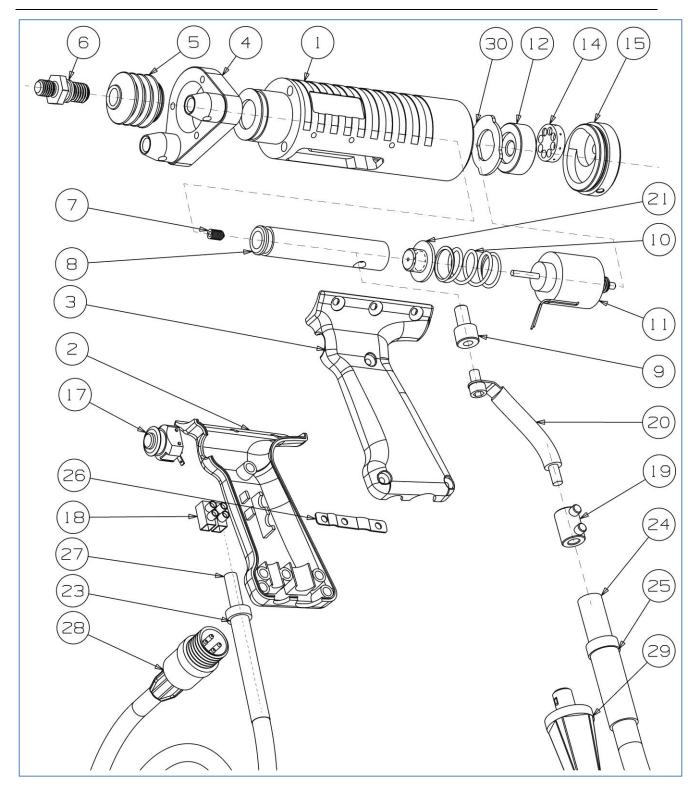


Figure 17: Exploded view of gun SK 15



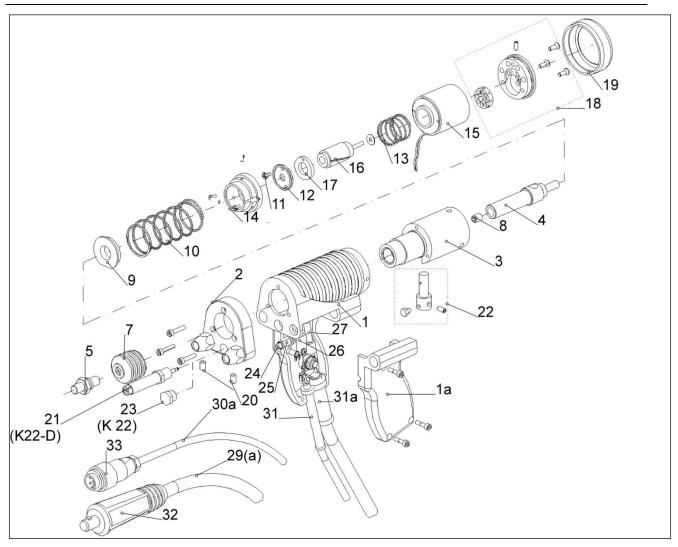


Figure 18: Exploded view of gun K 22 with option K 22-D

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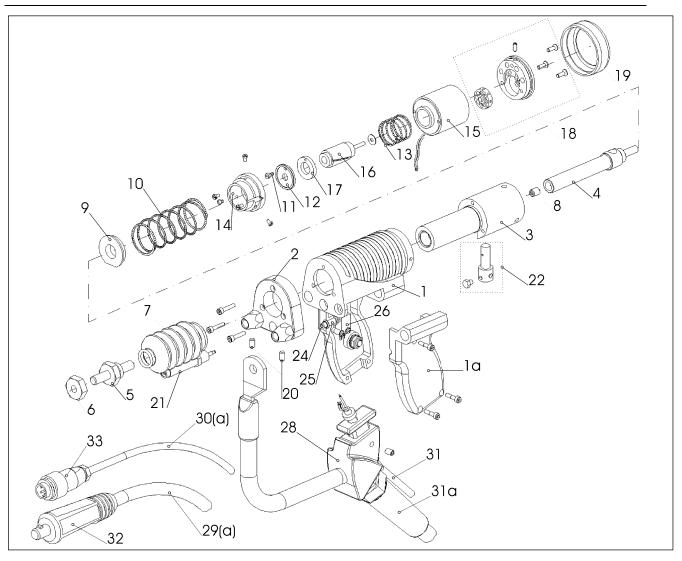


Figure 19: Exploded view of gun K 24

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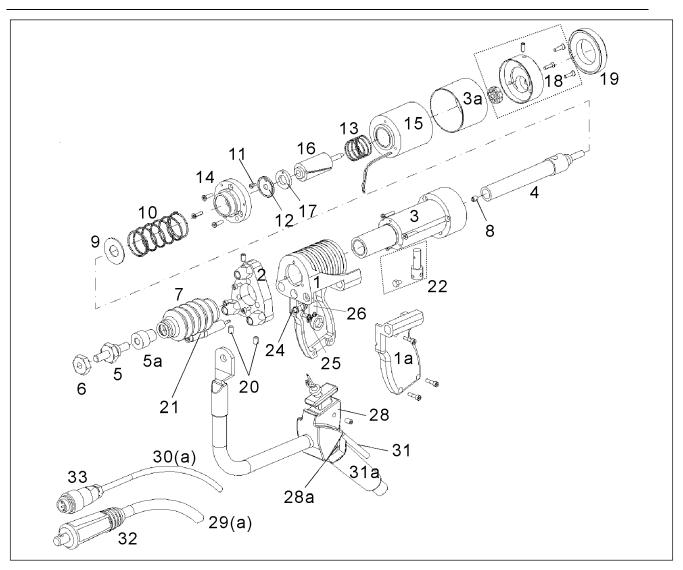


Figure 20: Exploded view of gun K 26 (from no. 400130)

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8 Spare Parts for Stud Welding Guns CLASSIC

8.1 Spare parts list gun series SK 14 and SK 15

Item	Description	Part-no.				
nom	Description	SK 14	SK 14-ISO	SK 14 short	SK 15	
1	welding gun body	322-0601-000	322-0601-000	322-0604-000	322-0605-000	
2	lower gun handle ²	322-0597-000	322-0597-000	322-0597-000	322-0597-000	
3	upper gun handle ²	322-0596-000	322-0596-000	322-0596-000	322-0596-000	
4	flange plate	322-6106-000	322-6109-000	322-6113-000	322-6106-000	
4a	spacer ring		322-0554-000			
5	bellows	322-0098-000	322-0098-000	322-0098-000	322-0098-000	
6	adaptor screw	322-0113-000	322-0113-000	322-0113-000	322-5127-000	
7	setscrew M 6 x 8	322-0220-000	322-0220-000	322-0220-000	322-0220-000	
8	piston for chuck M 12 x 1	322-0576-000	322-0576-000	322-0603-000	322-0603-000	
9	coupling bolt	329-0050-000	329-0050-000	329-0050-000	329-0050-000	
10	compression spring	322-0594-000	322-0594-000	322-0594-000	322-0609-000	
11	magnet	329-0022-000	329-0022-000	329-0022-000	329-0080-000	
12	spacer sleeve	322-0598-000	322-0598-000	322-0598-000	322-0598-000	
14	stop disc	322-0120-000		322-0120-000	322-0120-000	
15 ³	rear cap		322-0086-000			
15 ⁴	lift adjustment case	322-0579-000		322-0579-000	322-0579-000	
17	push button	329-0031-000	329-0031-000	329-0031-000	329-0031-000	
18	lustre terminal	325-0655-000	325-0655-000	325-0655-000	325-0655-000	
19	cable connector	329-0025-000	329-0025-000	329-0025-000	329-0025-000	
20	welding cord	317-5113-000	317-5113-000	317-5113-000	317-5113-000	
21	screwed flange	322-0097-000	322-0097-000	322-0097-000	322-0643-000	
23	connection gland for control cable	325-0261-000	325-0261-000	325-0261-000	325-0261-000	
24	welding cable 35 mm ² , 5 m, with- out plug	317-0067-000	317-0067-000	317-0067-000	317-0067-000	
25	connection gland for welding ca- ble	325-0567-000	325-0567-000	325-0567-000	325-0567-000	
26	double clamp hose	325-0681-000	325-0681-000	325-0681-000	325-0681-000	
27	control cable, 4 x 1 mm ² , 5,2 m, without plug	329-5233-000	329-5233-000	329-5233-000	329-5233-000	
28	control plug, 4-pole	325-0240-000	325-0240-000	325-0240-000	325-0240-000	
29	welding cable plug, 35 mm ²	325-0236-000	325-0236-000	325-0236-000	325-0236-000	
23 – 25, 27 – 29	cable connection set 5 m, 35 mm ²	329-5243-000	329-5243-000	329-5243-000		
30	anti twist device	322-0599-000	322-0599-000	322-0599-000	322-0640-000	

² Viewed from the assembling or disassembling position

³ Applies to SK 14-ISO

⁴ Applies to SK 14



Item	Description	Part-no.				
	2000.19.10.1	SK 14	SK 14-ISO	SK 14 short	SK 15	
31	wing screw		322-0631-000			

8.2 Spare parts list guns K 22, K 22-D, K 24, K 26

Dee	Designation		Part N	umber	
Pos.	Designation	K 22	K 22-D	K 24	K 26
1	gun body	322-6051-000	322-6051-000	322-6050-000	322-6096-000
1a	handle cover	322-0075-000	322-0075-000	322-0074-000	322-0074-000
2	mounting plate with guide bushes	322-6045-000	322-6045-000	322-6045-000	370-6022-000
3	piston cylinder	322-6085-000	322-6085-000	322-6086-000	322-6097-000
3a	sleeve for solenoid				322-0210-000
4	piston	322-0109-000	322-0109-000	322-0112-000	322-0214-000
5	adapter screw	329-0026-000	329-0026-000	329-0123-000	322-0212-000
5a	insulating adapter bushing				322-0213-000
6	locking nut			322-0150-000	322-0150-000
7	bellows	322-0098-000	322-0098-000	322-0092-000	322-0092-000
8	threaded bolt	322-0108-000	322-0108-000	322-0220-000	322-0220-000
9	spring guide	322-0125-000	322-0125-000	322-0125-000	322-0125-000
10	main tension spring	322-0083-000	322-0083-000	322-0083-000	322-0341-000
11	lifting ring pin	322-0200-000	322-0200-000	322-0200-000	322-0200-000
12	lifting ring	322-0201-000	322-0201-000	322-0201-000	322-0201-000
13	tension spring	322-0202-000	322-0202-000	322-0202-000	322-0202-000
14	lifting ring housing	322-0203-000	322-0203-000	322-0203-000	322-0217-000
15	magnetic coil	329-0033-000	329-0033-000	329-0033-000	329-0036-000
16	magnet core	329-0034-000	329-0034-000	329-0038-000	329-0037-000
17	anchoring disk	322-0204-000	322-0204-000	322-0204-000	322-0204-000
18	lift setting system	322-6088-000	322-6088-000	322-6089-000	322-6087-000
19	rear cap	322-0079-000	322-0079-000	322-0079-000	
20	setscrew M 6 x 8	322-0206-000	322-0206-000	322-0206-000	322-0206-000
21	damper		322-0131-000	322-0132-000	322-0133-000
22	damper stop	322-0118-000	322-0118-000	322-0124-000	322-0124-000
23	locking screw	322-0040-000			
24	switch pins	322-0103-000	322-0103-000	322-0103-000	322-0103-000
25	switch pin bearing	322-0104-000	322-0104-000	322-0104-000	322-0104-000
26	trigger	329-0030-000	329-0030-000	329-0030-000	329-0030-000
27	welding cord	329-5220-000	329-5220-000		
28	cable holder			322-0392-000	322-0392-000
28a	pressing clamp			322-0404-000	322-0404-000

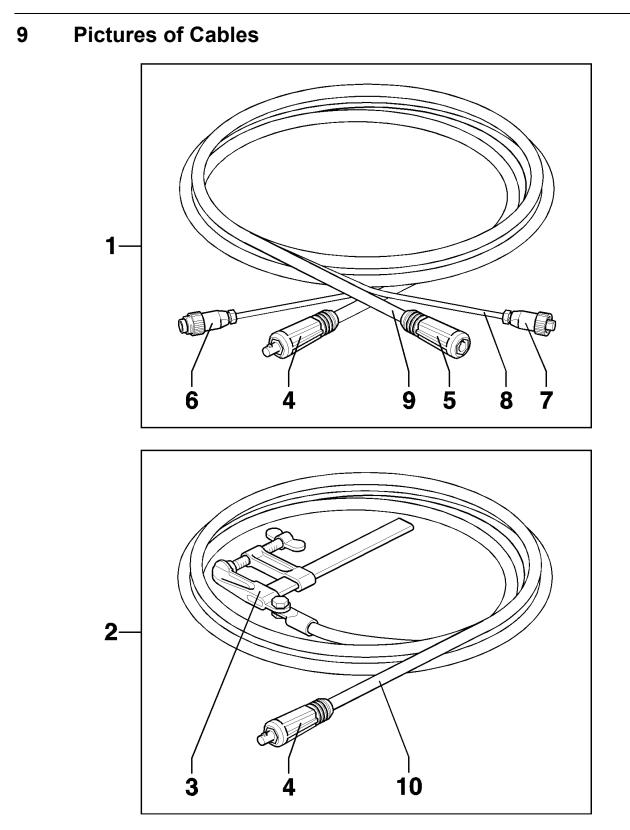
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Pos.	Designation	Part Number				
POS.	Designation	K 22	K 22-D	K 24	K 26	
29	welding cable, 2 m, 50 mm ² with pro- tective conduit	329-5216-000	329-5216-000			
29	welding cable 2 m, 95 mm ² without plug, with protective conduit			329-5223-000		
29	welding cable 2 m, 120 mm ² without plug, with protective conduit				329-5225-000	
29a	welding cable 2 m, 50 mm ² with plug and protective conduit	329-5217-000	329-5217-000			
29a	welding cable 2 m, 95 mm ² with plug and protective conduit			329-5224-000		
29a	welding cable 2 m, 120 mm ² with plug and protective conduit				329-5226-000	
30	ready-to-connect control cable, 2,3 m, 4 x 1 mm ²	329-5218-000	329-5218-000	329-5218-000		
30a	ready-to-connect control cable, 2,3 m, 4 x 1 mm ² with plug	329-5219-000	329-5219-000	329-5219-000		
31	bending protector for control cable	325-0261-000	325-0261-000	325-0261-000		
31a	bending protector for welding cable	325-0567-000	325-0567-000	322-0393-000	322-0393-000	
32	welding cable plug 35/50 mm ²	325-0234-000	325-0234-000			
32	welding cable plug 70/95 mm ²			325-0239-000		
32	welding cable plug 120 mm ²				325-0251-000	
33	control cable plug 4-pole	325-0240-000	325-0240-000	325-0240-000	325-0240-000	
	complete connection cable set 2 m, 50 mm ²	329-5214-000	329-5214-000			
	complete connection cable set 2 m, 95 mm ²			329-5215-000		
	complete connection cable set 2 m, 120 mm ²				329-5227-000	
	complete connection cable set 5 m, 50 mm ²	329-5201-000	329-5201-000			
	complete connection cable set 7,5 m, 50 mm ²	329-5202-000	329-5202-000			







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10 Cable Spare Part List

Pos.	Designation	Part No.
1	welding and control cable extensions 10 m, 50 mm ² (complete set) ¹⁾	317-5015-000
1	welding and control cable extensions 10 m, 70 mm ² (complete set) ¹⁾	317-5010-000
1	welding and control cable extensions 10 m, 95 mm ² (complete set) ¹⁾	317-5014-000
1	welding and control cable extensions 10 m, 120 mm ² (complete set) ¹⁾	317-5067-000
2	pair of earth cable 10 m, 70 mm ² with pole clamp (complete set) ¹⁾	317-5031-000
3	pole clamp, jaws width 200 mm	325-0174-000
4	welding cable plug 35/50 mm ²	325-0234-000
4	welding cable plug 50/70 mm ²	325-0505-000
4	welding cable plug 95 mm ²	325-0239-000
4	welding cable plug 120 mm ²	325-0251-000
5	welding cable socket 35/50 mm ²	325-0233-000
5	welding cable socket 50/70 mm ²	325-0237-000
5	welding cable socket 95 mm ²	325-0250-000
5	welding cable socket 120 mm ²	325-0252-000
6	control cable plug 4-pole	325-0240-000
7	control cable socket 4-pole	325-0348-000
8	control cable 10 m, 4 x 1,0 mm ² including fittings	317-0065-000
9	welding cable, 70 mm ² (sold by metre)	317-0070-000
9	welding cable, 95 mm ² (sold by metre)	317-0095-000
9	welding cable, 120 mm ² (sold by metre)	317-0120-000
10	earth cable 10 m, 70 mm ² , with protective conduit	317-0066-000

1) Upon request extension cables with lengths according to customer's choice are available.





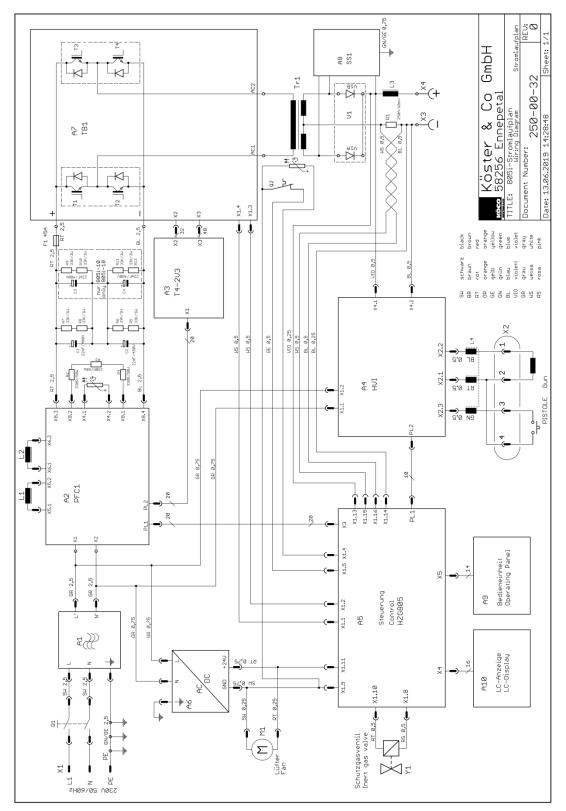


Figure 22: Schematic Circuit Diagram 805i

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12 Accessories

12.1 Gun accessories for stud welding guns K 22 to K 26

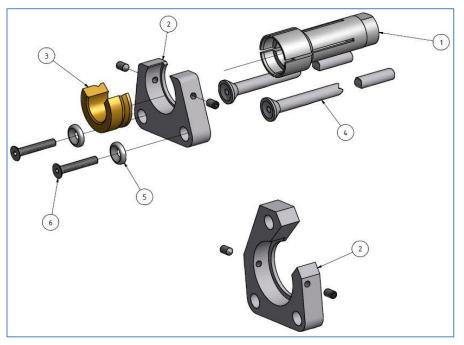


Figure 23: Gun accessories for shear connectors from 50 mm length

Stud diameter	Chuc pos.		Foot plate pos. 2	Ferrule grip pos. 3
6	350-0056	6-000	360-0116-000	355-0031-000
10	350-0164-000		360-0117-000	355-0033-000
13	350-0059	9-000	360-0118-000	355-0035-000
16	350-0060	000-000		355-0036-000
19	350-0060	0-000	360-0119-000	355-0036-000
22	350-006 ⁻	1-000	(version for 2 legs)	355-0037-000
25	350-0062	2-000		355-0038-000
Recommendation	n for studs longer tha	in 200 mm:	360-0149-000 (versi	on for 3 legs)
Stud	length up to (mm)		Required	Part-No.
K 22 and K 22-D	K 24	K 26	length of legs (mm)	pos. 4
140	90	70	240	370-0240-000
200	150	130	300	370-0300-000
300	250	230	400	370-0400-000
400	350	330	500	370-0500-000
500	450	430	600	370-0322-000
600	550	530	700	370-0323-000
Washer	pos. 5	370-0055-000		
Screw with hexage	on socket pos. 6	322-0372-000		

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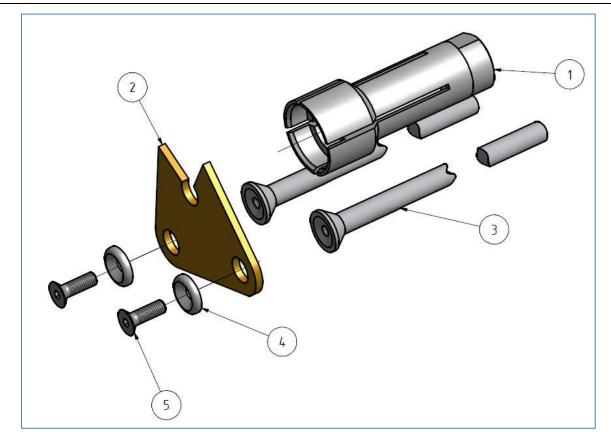


Figure 24: Gun accessories for shear connectors up to 50 mm length

Stud diame- ter	Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate/ ferrule holder pos. 2	Leg pos. 3	Washer pos. 4	Screw with hexagon socket pos. 5
10	350-0058-000	360-0164-000			
12	350-0059-000	360-0085-000		070 0055 000	222 0270 000
13	350-0059-000	360-0086-000	270 0240 000		
16	350-0060-000	360-0087-000	370-0240-000	370-0055-000	322-0379-000
19	350-0060-000	360-0087-000			
22	350-0061-000	360-0088-000			



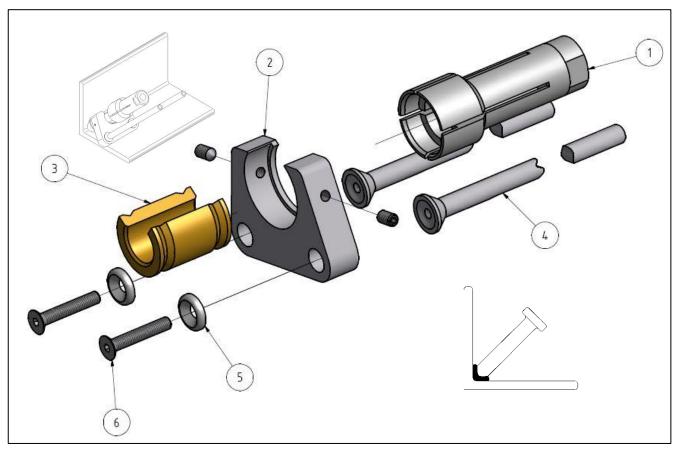


Figure 25: Gun accessories for shear connectors in an interior angle

Stud diameter	Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate pos. 2	Ferrule grip pos. 3			
6	350-0056-000	360-0116-000	355-0263-000*			
10	350-0164-000	360-0117-000	355-0043-000			
13	350-0059-000	360-0118-000	355-0044-000			
16	350-0060-000	360-0119-000	355-0268-000*			
For pos. 4, 5 and 6 see figure 23. * Discontinued types, not for new projects.						



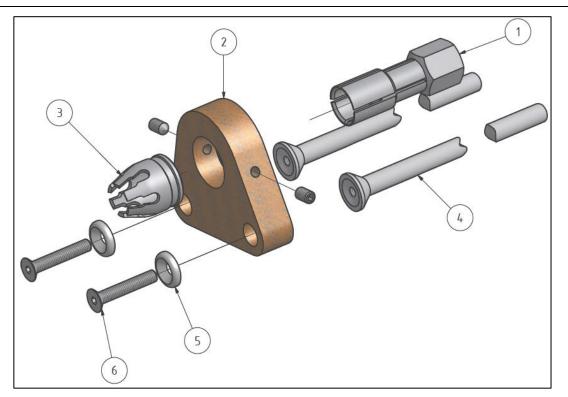


Figure 26: Gun accessories for threaded studs, tapped studs and plain pins

Type PD	Type DD	Type RD	Chuck pos. 1	Ferrule grip pos. 3	Foot plate pos. 2
M 4 x > 20	M 4 x > 20		350-0002-000	355-0001-000	
M 5 x > 20	M 5 x > 20		350-0003-000	355-0002-000	
M 6 x > 16	M 6 x > 16	M 6 x > 16	350-0004-000	355-0002-000	
M 6 x > 20	M 6 x > 20	M 6 x > 20	350-0005-000	355-0002-000	
M 8 x > 16	M 8 x > 16	M 8 x > 16	350-0006-000	355-0003-000	360-0101-000
M 8 x > 20	M 8 x > 20	M 8 x > 20	350-0007-000	355-0003-000	
M 10 x > 16	M 10 x > 20	M 10 x > 20	350-0008-000	355-0004-000	
M 10 x > 20	M 10 x > 25	M 10 x > 25	350-0009-000	355-0004-000	
M 12 x > 16	M 12 x > 20	M 12 x > 20	350-0010-000	355-0005-000	
M 12 x > 25	M 12 x > 25	M 12 x > 30	350-0011-000	355-0005-000	
M 16 x > 20			350-0015-000	355-0006-000	360-0102-000
	M 16 x > 25	M 16 x > 20	350-0015-000	355-0007-000	360-0103-000
M 16 x > 30			350-0016-000	355-0006-000	360-0102-000
	M 16 x > 30	M 16 x > 25	350-0016-000	355-0007-000	
	M 20 x > 25	M 20 x > 20	350-0018-000	355-0007-000	
M 20 x > 25			350-0018-000	355-0008-000	360-0103-000
	M 20 x > 30	M 20 x > 25	350-0019-000	355-0007-000	
M 20 x > 30			350-0019-000	355-0008-000	
M 24 x > 35		M 24 x > 30	350-0023-000	355-0008-000	7

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St	Stud length up to (mm)			Part No.	
K 22 and K 22-D	K 24	K 26	legs (mm)	pos. 4	
140	90	70	240	370-0240-000	
200	150	130	300	370-0300-000	
300	250	230	400	370-0400-000	
400	350	330	500	370-0500-000	
500	450	430	600	370-0322-000	
600	550	530	700	370-0323-000	
Washer pos. 5		370-0055-000			
Screw with hexage	on socket pos. 6	322-0372-000]		

For studs below 12 mm diameter and lengths L > app. 6 x diam. chucks with deeper grip length are recommended. Further information upon request.

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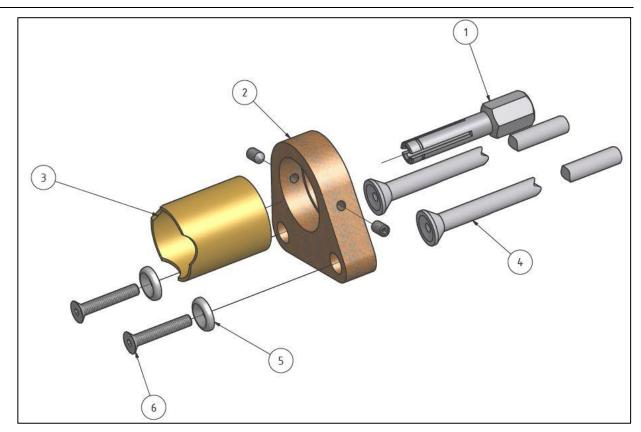


Figure 27: Gun accessories for Insulation pins

Stud dimension	Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate pos. 2	Supporting tube pos. 3
from 3 x 35	350-0086-000 (steel) 350-0087-000 (copper)		
from 4 x 35	350-0088-000 (steel)	370-0103-000	370-0167-000
from 5 x 35	350-0089-000 (steel)		
Stud length up to (mm)	Required length of legs (mm)	Part-No. pos. 4	
	Gun K 22		
140	240	370-0240-000	
200	300	370-0300-000]
300	400	370-0400-000	
400	500	370-0500-000	
500	600	370-0322-000	
600 700		370-0323-000	
Washer pos. 5		370-0055-000	
Screw with hexagon	socket pos. 6	322-0372-000]



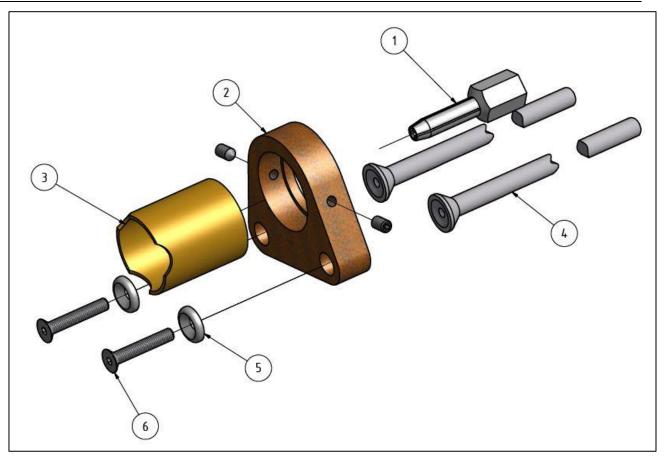


Figure 28: Gun accessories for short cycle stud welding without shielding gas

Stud diameter d	Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate pos. 2	Leg pos. 4	Supporting tube pos. 3
3	350-0001-000			
4	350-0002-000		370-0240-000	370-0167-000
5	350-0003-000	360-0103-000		
6	350-0005-000	300-0103-000		
8	350-0007-000			
10	350-0009-000			
Washer pos. 5		370-0055-000		
Screw with hexag	on socket pos. 6	322-0372-000		

For studs with lengths L > app. 6d chucks with deeper grip length are recommended. Further information upon request.



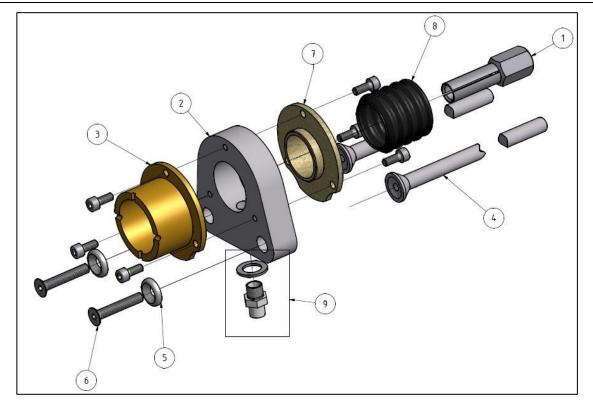


Figure 29: Gun accessories for stud welding with shielding gas

Stud diameter d	Chuck pos. 1 Foot plate with 3 socket head cap screws M 4 x 10 pos. 2		Leg pos. 4	Supporting tube with 3 socket head cap screws M 4 x 10 pos. 3	
5	350-0003-000				
6	350-0005-000				
8	350-0007-000	322-0011-000	370-0240-000	322-0225-000	
10	350-0009-000				
12	350-0011-000				
Washer pos. 5			370-0055-000		
Screw with hexag	jon socket pos. 6	6	322-0372-000		
Circlip ring with 3	socket head ca	o screw M 4 x 10 pos. 7	324-0042-000		
Bellows pos. 8			322-0098-000		
Gas plug with sea	al pos. 9		323-0017-000		
Set of shielding gas hoses, completely assembled, 7 m with clip-on connectors at both sides and 3 m with clip- on connector at one side, other side open (for hooking up to exit of pressure reducer)			323-6012-000		
See above, but 12 m and 3 m			323-6013-000		
Shielding gas equ	uipment complete	e (pos. 2 to pos. 9)	324-6024-000		

Other lengths of shielding gas hoses upon request.

For studs with lengths L > app. 6d chucks with deeper grip length are recommended. Further information upon request.



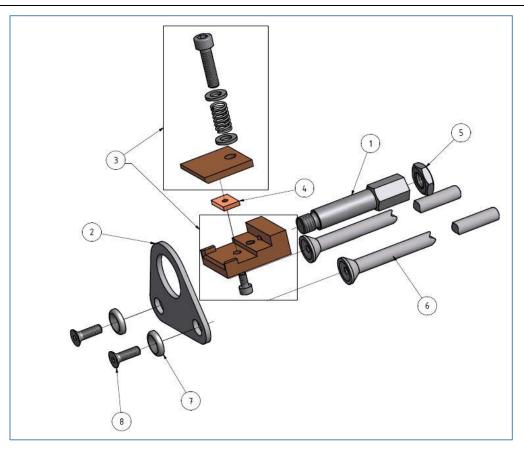


Figure 30: Gun accessories for flat anchors

W x T x L (Width x thickness x length)	Foot plate pos. 2	Chuck pos. 3	Stopping piece pos. 4
15 x 3 x > 25	360-0096-000	350-6045-000	350-0324-000
15 x 3 x > 35	360-0096-000	350-6045-000	-
20 x 3 x > 25	360-0088-000	350-6043-000	350-0324-000
20 x 3 x > 40	360-0088-000	350-6043-000	-
25 x 3 x > 25	360-0088-000	350-6044-000	350-0324-000
25 x 3 x > 40	360-0088-000	350-6043-000	-
15 x 5 x > 25	360-0096-000	350-6050-000	350-0225-000
15 x 5 x > 40	360-0096-000	350-6050-000	-
20 x 5 x > 25	360-0088-000	350-6049-000	350-0225-000
20 x 5 x > 40	360-0088-000	350-6050-000	-
25 x 5 x > 25	360-0088-000	350-6048-000	350-0225-000
25 x 5 x > 40	360-0088-000	350-6050-000	-
Chuck extension pos. 1		350-0075-000	
Leg pos. 6		370-0240-000	
Washer pos. 7		370-0055-000	
Screw with hexagon socket pos. 8		322-0379-000	
Counter nut pos. 9 (M 10 flat)		322-0378-000	

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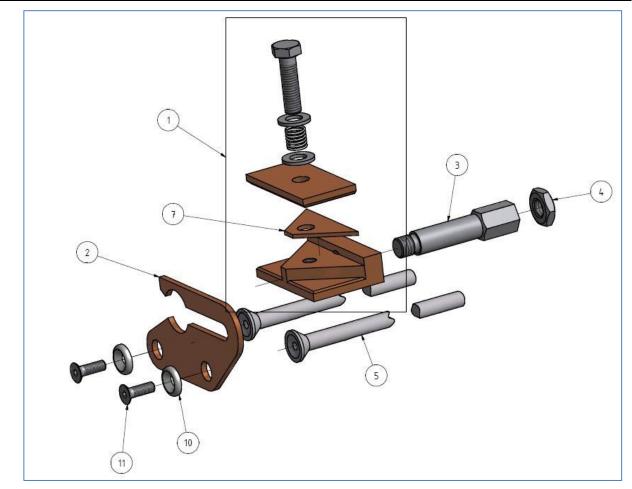


Figure 31: Gun accessories for Y-anchors

Dimension	Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate pos. 2	Chuck extension pos. 3	Counter nut pos. 4 (M 10 flat)	Compensation piece pos. 7
6 x 80°	350-6121-000	360-0122-000	350-0075-000	322-0378-000	-
8 x 80°	350-0121-000	360-0123-000	350-0075-000	322-0378-000	350-0327-000
Leg pos. 5					
370-0240-000	370-0240-000				
Washer pos.	10				
370-0055-000					
Screw with hexagon socket pos. 11					
322-0379-000					



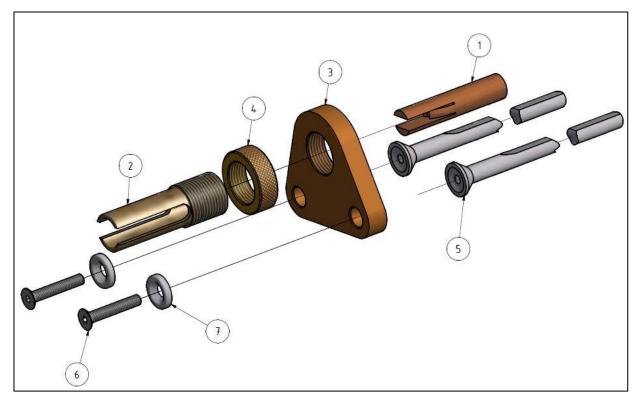


Figure 32: Gun accessories for reduced Y-anchors

Chuck pos. 1	Ferrule holder pos. 2	Foot plate pos. 3	Knurled nut pos. 4
350-0365-000	355-0272-000	360-0108-000	355-0250-000
Leg pos. 5	Screw with hexagon socket pos. 6	Washer pos. 7	
370-0240-000	322-0372-000	370-0055-000	

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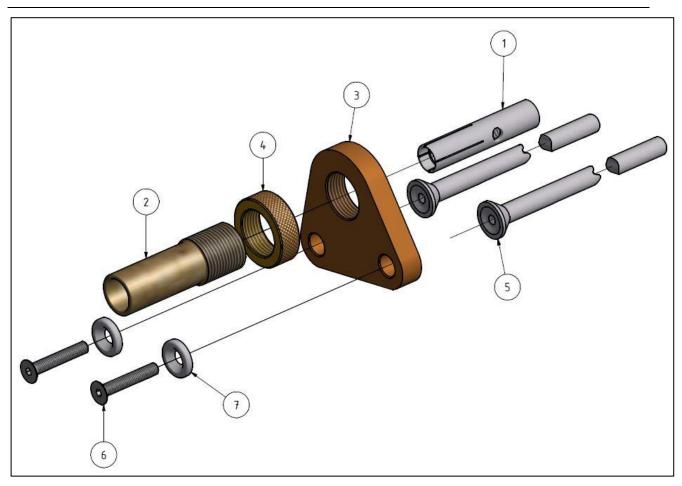


Figure 33: Gun	accessories f	or boiler pins
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Stud dimension	Chuck pos. 1	Ferrule holder pos. 2	Knurled nut pos. 3	Supporting tube pos. 4	Assembling plate pos. 5
6 x 14 - 20	350-0071-000	355-0151-000			
8 x 14 - 20	350-0072-000	355-0151-000		270 0172 000	322-0306-000
10 x 14 - 20	350-0073-000	355-0152-000	355-0250-000	370-0173-000	322-0306-000
12 x 14 - 20	350-0074-000	355-0153-000			



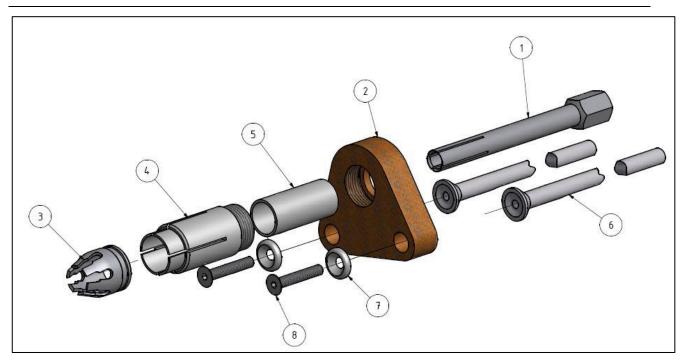


Figure 34: Gun accessories for grid fastening

Dimension	Chuck pos. 1	Ferrule grip pos. 3	Supporting tube pos. 4	Insulating tube pos. 5	Foot plate pos. 2	
M 6 x > 20	350-0033-000	355-0002-000				
M 6 x > 60	350-0005-000	355-0002-000				
M 8 x > 20	350-0034-000	255 0002 000		255 0000 000		
M 8 x > 60	350-0007-000	355-0003-000	370-0158-000	370-0159-000	360-0110-000	
M 10 x > 25	350-0035-000		370-0156-000	370-0159-000	300-0110-000	
M 10 x > 60	350-0009-000	355-0004-000				
M 12 x > 30	350-0036-000	255 0005 000				
M 12 x > 60	350-0011-000	355-0005-000				
Washer pos. 7		370-0055-000				
Screw with hexagon socket pos. 8		322-0372-000]			
Leg 240 mm pos. 6 (max. stud length 150 mm)		370-0240-000				



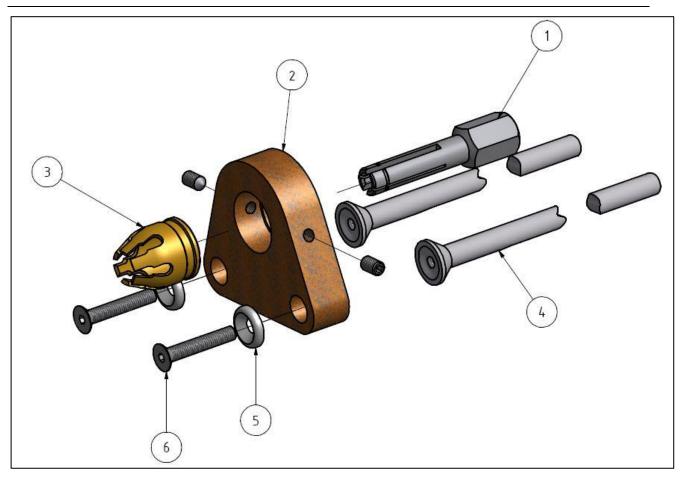


Figure 35: Gun accessories for welding of Fibrefix-pins Ø 5, Length L

Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate pos. 2	Ferule grip pos. 3	Leç	j pos. 4
350-0100-000	360-0101-000	355-0002-000	370-0240-000 370-0300-000 370-0400-000 370-0500-000	up to L = 160 mm up to L = 220 mm up to L = 320 mm up to L = 420 mm
Washer pos. 5			370-0055-000	
Screw with hexagon socket pos. 6			322-0372-000	



12.2 Gun accessories for Gun series SK 14 and SK 15

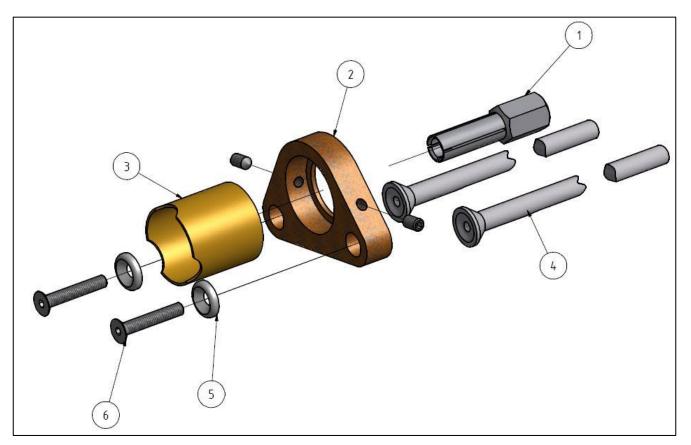
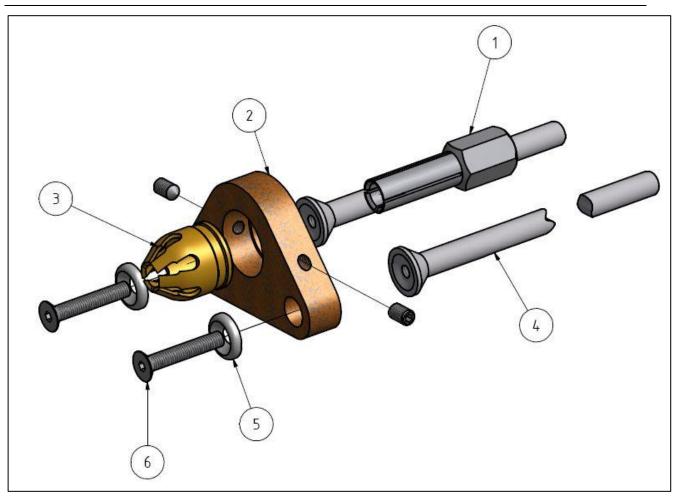


Figure 36: Gun accessories for short-cycle stud welding without shielding gas

Stud dimen- sion (D x L)	Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate pos. 2	Leg pos. 4	Supporting tube pos. 3
Ø 3 x > 8	350-0001-000			
Ø 4 x > 8	350-0002-000			
Ø 5 x > 10	350-0003-000			360-0335-000
Ø 6 x > 10	350-0005-000		370-0240-000	
Ø 8 x > 10	350-0006-000	360-0012-000		
Ø 8 x > 15	350-0007-000	360-0012-000		
Ø 10 x > 10	350-0008-000			
Ø 10 x > 15	350-0009-000			
Ø 12 x > 10	350-0010-000			
Ø 12 x > 16	350-0011-000			
Washer pos. 5		370-0055-000		
Screw with hex	agon socket pos. 6	322-0372-000		

For studs with lengths L > app. 6d chucks with deeper grip length are recommended. Further information upon request.





Type PD	Type DD	Type RD	Chuck pos. 1	Ferrule grip pos. 3	Foot plate pos. 2
M 4 x > 16	M 4 x > 16		350-0002-000	355-0001-000	
M 5 x > 16	M 5 x > 16		350-0003-000	355-0002-000	
M 6 x > 16	M 6 x > 16	M 6 x > 16	350-0004-000	355-0002-000	
M 6 x > 20	M 6 x > 20	M 6 x > 20	350-0005-000	355-0002-000	
M 8 x > 16	M 8 x > 16	M 8 x > 16	350-0006-000	355-0003-000	260 0012 000
M 8 x > 20	M 8 x > 20	M 8 x > 20	350-0007-000	355-0003-000	360-0013-000
M 10 x > 16	M 10 x > 20	M 10 x > 20	350-0008-000	355-0004-000	
M 10 x > 20	M 10 x > 25	M 10 x > 25	350-0009-000	355-0004-000	
M 12 x > 16	M 12 x > 20	M 12 x > 20	350-0010-000	355-0005-000	
M 12 x > 25	M 12 x > 25	M 12 x > 30	350-0011-000	355-0005-000	
Leg pos. 4		370-0240-000			
Washer pos.	er pos. 5 370-0055-000				
Screw with h socket pos.	-	322-0372-000			

Figure 37: Gun accessories for threaded studs an	d plain pins
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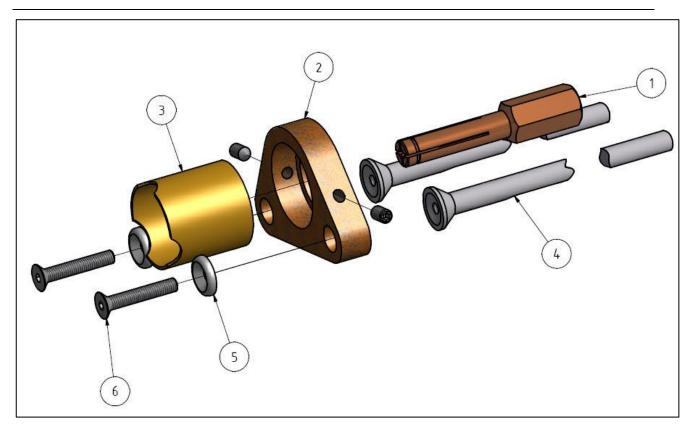


Figure 38: Gun accessories for insulation pins

Stud dimension	Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate pos. 2	Supporting tube pos. 3
from 3 x 35	350-0086-000 (Steel) 350-0087-000 (Copper)		
from 4 x 35	350-0088-000 (Steel)	360-0012-000	360-0335-000
from 5 x 35	350-0089-000 (Steel)		
Stud length up to (mm)	Required length of legs (mm)	Leg pos. 4	
140	240	370-0240-000	
200	300	370-0300-000	
300	400	370-0400-000	
400	500	370-0500-000	
500	600	370-0322-000	
600	700	370-0323-000	
Washer pos. 5		370-0055-000	
Screw with hexagon	socket pos. 6	322-0372-000	



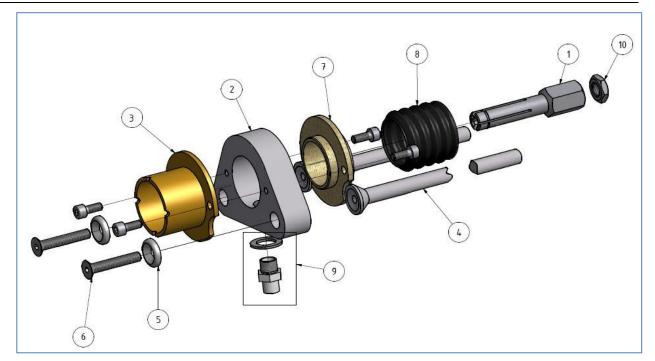


Figure 39: Gun accessories for stud welding with shielding gas

Stud diameter d	Chuck pos. 1	Foot plate with 2 socket head cap screws M 4 x 10 pos. 2	Leg pos. 4	Supporting tube with 2 socket head cap screws M 4 x 10 pos. 3
5	350-0003-000			
6	350-0005-000			
8	350-0007-000	324-0048-000	370-0240-000	324-0049-000
10	350-0009-000			
12	350-0011-000			
Washer pos. 5			370-0055-000	
Screw with hexagon socket pos. 6			322-0372-000	
Circlip ring with 2 socket head cap screws M 4 x 10 pos. 7			324-0047-000	
Bellows pos. 8			322-0098-000	
Gas plug with seal pos. 9			323-0017-000	
Counter nut pos. 10 (M 10 flat) (required for stud length < 16 mm)			322-0378-000	
Set of shielding gas hoses, completely assembled, 5 m with clip-on connectors at both sides and 3 m with clip- on connector at one side, other side open (for hooking up to exit of pressure reducer)			323-6011-000	
Shielding gas equipment complete (Pos. 2 to Pos. 9)			324-6025-000	

Other lengths of shielding gas hoses upon request. For studs with lengths L > app. 6d chucks with deeper grip length are recommended. Further information upon request.



13 Literature

EN ISO 14555 "Drawn arc stud welding of metallic materials"

EN ISO 13918 "Studs and Ceramic Ferrules for Drawn Arc Stud Welding"

DVS-Technical Bulletin 0901 "Stud Welding Procedures for Metals - Overview"

DVS-Technical Bulletin 0902 "Drawn Arc Stud Welding"

DVS-Technical Bulletin 0903 "Stud Welding with Tip Ignition"

DVS-Technical Bulletin 0904 "Drawn Arc Stud Welding - Practical hints"

Trillmich, R. and Welz, W.: "Stud Welding - Principles and Applications", DVS-Media, english edition, vol. 12, Düsseldorf 2016